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During the Rosh Hashana/Yom Kippur period, some Jews have a custom known as "kapparot." The ceremony involves swinging a live chicken over a person's head three times, and then slaughtering the chicken. The chickens are supposed to be distributed to the poor. This ritual is generally performed on the eve of Yom Kippur, but some do it on the previous days. People who follow this practice believe that the ritual is a form of atonement (*kapparah*) for their sins.

This ritual, which seems to date from medieval times, has a controversial history. Rabbi Shelomo ben Aderet (Rashba, responsum 395) forbade this custom in his city of Barcelona. His teacher, Nachmanides, considered this practice to be idolatrous (*darkhei emori*). Rabbi Joseph Karo, in the Shulhan Arukh (Orah Hayyim 605), ruled: "As for the practice to do a "kapparah" on the eve of Yom Kippur by slaughtering a chicken for each male and reciting some verses—one should stop this practice."

Rabbi Moshe Isserles, in his gloss to this passage of the Shulhan Arukh, indicated that the custom of "kapparot" is widespread and has authoritative halakhic support; he ruled that the custom should not be altered. Other rabbis, Ashkenazic and Sephardic, have supported the continuation of "kapparot" with live chickens, slaughtering a rooster for each male and a hen for each female.

In modern times, the custom of "kapparot" has become increasingly problematic. Many people see it as a primitive, quasi-idolatrous practice. Others view "kapparot" as egregious cruelty to animals.

Rabbi Haim David Halevy (Mekor Hayyim 4:216) cites the Shulhan Arukh in calling for a stop to this practice. But he also cites authorities who support "kapparot" with chickens. He then offers his own opinion: for those who are not afraid of annulling this custom, they should follow the ruling of the Shulhan Arukh. One can fulfill the custom by using money rather than live chickens i.e. putting money into a sack and swinging it over a person's head instead of swinging a live chicken. He cites the Hayyei Adam (144:4) who recommends using money rather than chickens. Rabbi Halevy writes that the slaughter of so many chickens in such a short time can lead to fatigue on the part of the shohetim, and mistakes can be made that result in the chickens actually not being kasher for consumption. Also, there is cruelty in the abundance of needless slaughter on the eve of Yom Kippur, a day dedicated to mercy. (See also his Asei Lekha Rav, 3:20; and Mayyim Hayyim 3:22).

The Shamayim V'Aretz Institute, dedicated to the prevention of cruelty to animals, has noted that each year thousands of chickens are kept in harsh conditions waiting to be used for "kapparot." Many are never used and some are left to die of dehydration and starvation. Furthermore, undercover investigations have revealed that ritually slaughtered kosher chickens allegedly earmarked for "the poor" were instead thrown into the trash.

During the season of Rosh Hashana and Yom Kippur, we should be seeking atonement through our prayers and good deeds. Those who feel the need for a "kapparot" ceremony should use money rather than live chickens.

## Shamayim V'Aretz Institute

## Orthodox rabbis who have come out in opposition to the practice of chicken Kapparot

Rabbi Yosef Adler Rabbi Dr. Marc Angel Rabbi Shlomo Aviner Rabbi Daniel Askenazi Rabbi Joseph Beyda Rabbi Yitzchak Blau Rabbi Yosef Blau Rabbi Aviad Bodner Rabbi Ira Budow Rabbi Dr. Nathan Lopes Cardozo Rabba Dr. Carmella Abraham Rabbi Michael Chernick Rabbi Eliyahu Fink Rabbi Eliezer Finkelman Rabbi Aaron Frank Maharat Ruth Balinsky Friedman Rabbi Yonassan Gershom Rabbi Jeremy Gimpel Rabbi Daniel Goodman Rabbi Dr. Mel Gottlieb Rabbi Dr. Yitz Greenberg Rabbi Donn Gross Rabbi Ari Hart Rabbi Dr. Richard Hidary Rabbi Eliezer Hirsch Rabbi David Kalb Rabbi Yosef Kanefsky Rabbi Ysoscher Katz Rabbi Dr. Eugene Korn Rabbi Aaron Leibowitz Rabbi Arveh A. Leifert Rabbi Aaron Levy Rabbi Yamin Levy Rabbi Dov Linzer Rabbi Yehoshua Looks Rabbi Haskel Lookstein Rabbi Asher Lopatin Rabbi Moshe Mayor Rabbi Dr. Ariel Evan Mayse Rabbi Michael Melchior Rabbi Avram Mlotek Rosh Kehillah Dina Najman Rabbi Haim Ovadia Rabbi Dani Passow Rabbi Yossi Pollak Rabbi Sam Reinstein Rabbi Dr. David Rosen Rabbi Daniel Raphael Silverstein Rabbi Shlomo Segal Rabbi Chaim Seidler-Feller Rabbi Jay Shoulson Rabbi David Stav Rabbi Chaim Strauchler Rabbi Devin Villarreal Rabbi Dr. Shmuly Yanklowitz

Rabbi Alan J. Yuter Rabbi Lawrence Zierler